

# WELCOME TO PSYC 110

# brotip#1

there's a 99% chance that you're awesome. act like it.

protipsitumbl

## **PSYC 110 (General Psychology)**

#### **Module:**

Foundations of Psychology

Trenton C. Johanis, Ph.D.



Friday Quizzes

Friday QuizTerm

Final Exam

**Engaged Inquiry Assignments** 

Reflection Journals [14 total]

Your grade will come from a variety of asse	essments		
Evaluative Component	% Weight		
Department Surveys [Two total]	0.5		
SONA Research Experience	5.5		
Discussion Section Participation	5		
[Three total; may drop one with Lecture Clickers]	3		
InQuizitive [13 total; drop lowest three]	10		

[11 total; may drop up to two with Lecture Clickers]

Collaborative Project [Five components total]

20

34

(14)

(20)



## Your grade will come from a variety of assessments



#### Weekly Reflection Journal (14%; 1% each)

- Two to three sentence reflection on the most recent module
- Open-ended—demonstrate some level of thinking that goes beyond re-stating course content
- Best approach is application, for example:
  - Social psych on a night out
  - How you used knowledge of Memory to study for a test
- Submissions are due on Canvas at 11:59pm at the end of each module (you have until the end of the weekend if you'd like!)
- First is due February 2



## Your grade will come from a variety of assessments

#### **Collaborative Project: FYP or die (20%)**



- Creative media demonstration (i.e., content) of *anything* in the course, for example:
  - PSA (e.g., a commercial)
  - Video (e.g., IG Reel, TikTok, YouTube Short)
  - Podcast "clip"
  - If you have a different idea but are unsure of its relevance, check with Trenton or a TA.
- 60 to 180 seconds (maximum three minutes)
- Written portion and other intermittent deadlines during the term
- Choose groups by March 14;
   Final Submission due April 30





## Your grade will come from a variety of assessments

#### Final Exam (20%)



- Wednesday May 14<sup>th</sup>, 3:30pm to 5:30pm
- Location: Here!
- In-person, non-collaborative, not open-book
- The final exam is a non-negotiable requirement
  - We can't make accommodations for individual circumstances
    - "It's my cousin's sister's roommate's graduation"
    - "I'm registered to run a marathon"
    - "I booked my flight home already"
    - No exceptions



## Your grade will come from a variety of ways

#### **In-class Clicker Questions (Bonus)**

- Download mobile app or buy clicker from VolShop
- ≤ 5 questions per class
- 1 point for correctness on first attempt
- 1 point for correctness after discussion
- Grade drop opportunity (% total possible points):
  - 50%: Drop lowest Participation Grade
  - 60%: Drop lowest Participation AND Quiz grade
  - 70%: Drop lowest Participation AND TWO Quiz grades
- Clickers will start <u>ON WEDNESDAY</u>
- Since this is a bonus opportunity, no excused absences will be accepted





# Most weeks will be similarly structured

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Lecture [1:50pm; AMB 210]		Lecture [1:50pm; AMB 210]		Friday Quiz [Online]		InQuizitive [Online]
		Discussion Sections [Assigned times and locations]				Reflection Journal [Online]

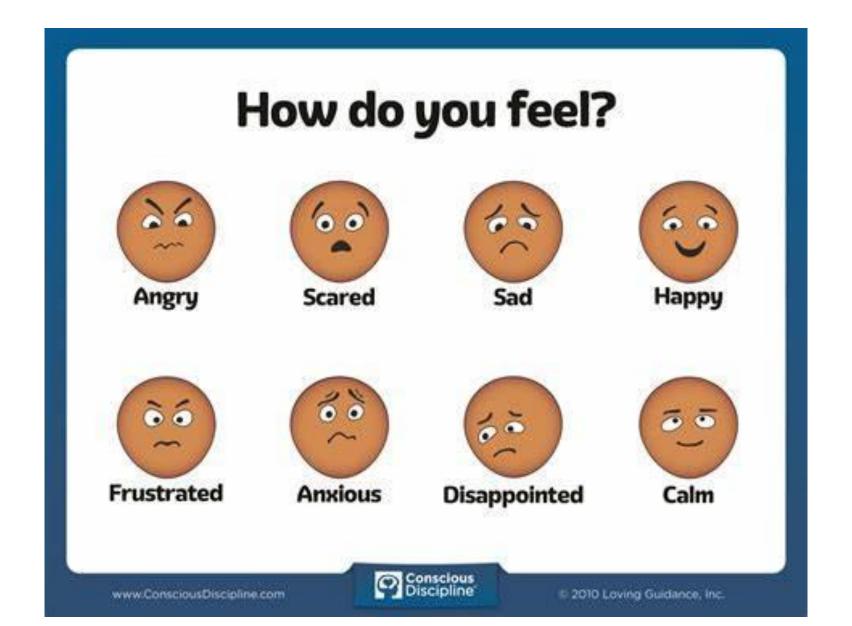
#### Absences:

You <u>do not</u> need to notify me if you are missing lecture (Lecture Clickers are considered a Bonus and are therefore your decision), but you <u>do</u> need to notify your TA (and provide documentation) if you are missing Discussion Section

You are <u>not</u> expected to complete the InQuizitive and Reflection Journal <u>on</u> Sunday—just thought it'd be nice to give you until the end of the weekend



## So, where we at?





# Psychology is studied as a science







## Let's do science!



Respond to this questionnaire (100% voluntary)

#### **Mating Preferences Questionnaire**

You'll be asked a series of questions regarding the MINIMUM level of intelligence you would accept in a partner for various "mating"-related situations

Respond to each item on a scale of:

1 (Not intelligent at all) to 100 (Genius)

Single Date = You're willing to try at least one date
One Night Stand = You're willing to be intimate right away
Steady Sexual Partner = Non-romantic "Friends with Benefits"
Steady Dating Partner = Romantically involved
Marriage = Life partner

#### Notes for participation:

- Respond only with integers (whole numbers)
- Don't use any non-numeral text (e.g., words, letters, emojis)
- If you do not relate to a prompt (e.g., you would never be willing to have a non-romantic sexual partner), just leave the column blank



## Research inspiration can come from many avenues



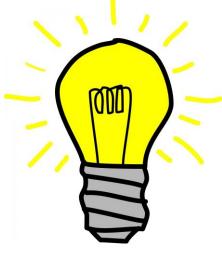
Mundane Observation



Established Need



Gaps/Discrepancies with prior research



Spontaneous Conception



## Research inspiration can come from many avenues

## Research Idea Development: Conceptualization Stage



Question



Review the literature



Hypothesize



### Let's do science



One night, Dr. T and his friends (yes, they exist) are talking about their romantic situations. Lindsay, a 29-year-old woman, described her most recent date as "dopey," and claimed she had no interest in a second date. Aaron, a 22-year-old man, said his last date was also high-key stupid, however he set up a second date with that person next week.



#### Let's do science



Are there gender differences in mate selection criteria?



The Parental Investment Model (Ford & Beach, 1951):

- Women generally place more importance on a mate's access to resources compared to men
- Higher commitment requires higher perceived mate value

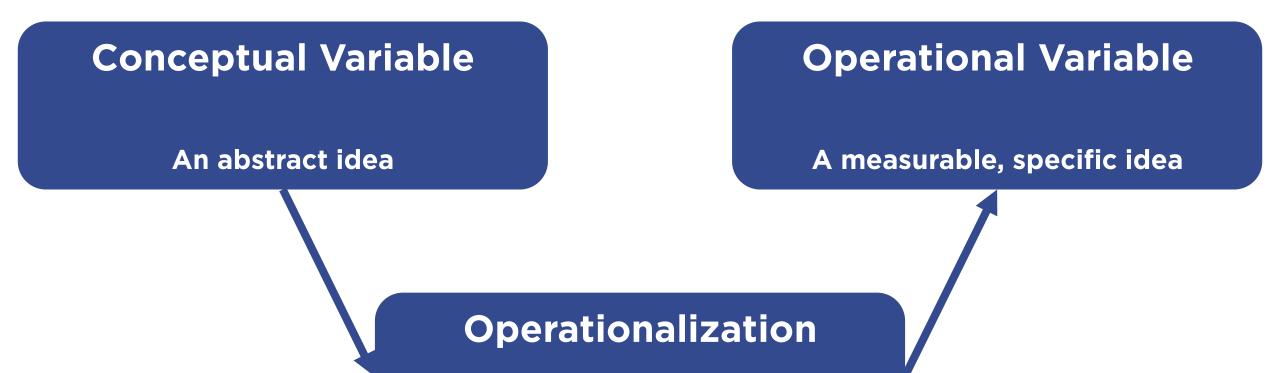


- Higher intelligence can indicate higher resource-gathering potential; women will have a higher selection threshold for their mate's intelligence, compared to men
- As perceived commitment increases, both men and women will increase their minimum requirements of intelligence in a partner



### We need to turn our research idea into something concrete

# Research Idea Development: <u>Operationalization</u> Stage



Turning an abstract idea into

something quantifiable



## We need to turn our research idea into something concrete

# Research Idea Development: <a href="Operationalization">Operationalization</a> Stage

**Conceptual Variable** 

Mate intelligence preference

**Operational Variable** 

Scale from 1 to 100

**Operationalization** 

How do we measure someone's preference?



### Let's do science



Survey undergraduate students with a questionnaire on their mate selection preferences according to commitment-level, and collect data on each participant's gender identity.

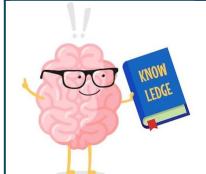




### Let's do science



Are there gender differences in mate selection criteria?



[What did we learn?]





## There are two types of variables in an experiment

### Independent Variable (IV)

What is hypothesized to explain changes in a measured variable

#### **Dependent Variable (DV)**

The outcome or response that is measured in the study



## An independent variable is the hypothesized predictor

## Independent Variable (IV)

What is hypothesized to explain changes in a measured variable

#### Manipulate:

Intentionally changing or controlling an independent variable to investigate its impact



## IVs can be manipulated or observed

#### **Independent Variable**

What is hypothesized to explain changes in a measured variable

# Manipulation (Experimenter controls what the participant experiences)

#### For example:

- Did they hear loud sounds or soft sounds?
- Did they do they test before or after exercising?

**Quasi-Independent** Variable (Not controlled by experimenter)

#### For example:

- Socioeconomic status
- Education level
- Relationship status



## There are three types of hypothesis tests (or designs)

#### **Experimental Design**

**DOES** manipulate the IV

#### Non-Experimental Design

**DOES NOT** manipulate the IV

#### **Mixed Design**

Some IVs are manipulated, some are not



## The dependent variable is what we measure

### **Dependent Variable (DV)**

The outcome or response that is measured in the study

#### For example:

- Questionnaire responses
- Reaction time
- Observed behaviours
- Test scores



## There are two types of variables in an experiment



Survey undergraduate students with a questionnaire on their mate intelligence preferences according to commitment-level, and collect data on each participant's gender identity.

Mixed

Manipulated IV

Quasi-Experimental IV





## What should we get out of today?

- WHY WE DO PSYCHOLOGY RESEARCH
  - ASSESS A NEED, OR EVEN JUST CURIOSITY

THERE ARE COMMON
 COMPONENTS IN A
 PSYCHOLOGY STUDY THAT
 WE CAN IDENTIFY



## How did we do?



#### For y'all:

- First InQuizitive due Feb 2
- First Reflection Journal due Feb 2
- Register for Clickers (PointSolutions) on Canvas
  - Clickers start <u>Wednesday</u>
- Attend your Discussion Section this week