

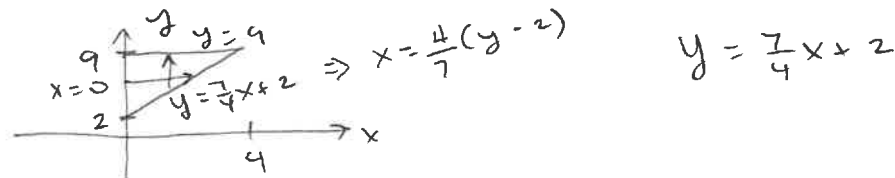
Mon 11/3

## Test III Review

Office hours: 5:30 - 6:30 Mon

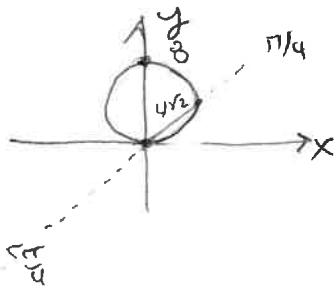
3:00 - 6:00 Tues

(9)  $\int_0^4 \int_{\frac{7}{4}x+2}^9 dy dx$  Write an equivalent integral reversing the order



$$\int_2^9 \int_0^{\frac{4}{7}(y-2)} dx dy$$

(19)  $r = 8 \sin \theta$



$$r(\pi) = 8 \sin \pi = 0$$

$$r\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = 8 \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} = -4\sqrt{2}$$

$$(r, \theta) = (-4\sqrt{2}, \frac{5\pi}{4}) = (4\sqrt{2}, \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$$

$$0 \leq r \leq 8 \sin \theta$$

$$0 \leq z \leq 10 - y = 10 - r \sin \theta$$

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^{8 \sin \theta} \int_0^{10 - r \sin \theta} f(r, \theta, z) r dz dr d\theta$$

(14)  $I_x = \iint_D \rho y^2 dA$

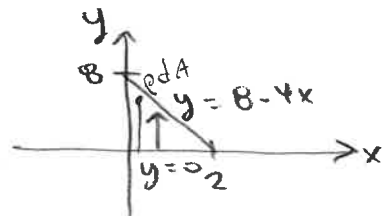
$$\rho = 10$$

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{8} = 1 \Rightarrow y = 8 - 4x$$

$$I_x = \int_0^2 \int_0^{8-4x} 10 y^2 dy dx = 10 \int_0^2 \left. \frac{y^3}{3} \right|_0^{8-4x} dx$$

$$= \frac{10}{3} \int_0^2 (8-4x)^3 dx = \frac{10}{3} \int_0^2 \frac{1}{-4} (8-4x)^3 d(8-4x)$$

$$= -\frac{10}{12} \left. \frac{(8-4x)^4}{4} \right|_0^2 = -\frac{5}{24} (-8^4) = \frac{40}{3} (64) = \frac{2560}{3}$$



$$(22) \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \int_0^{10 \sin \phi} \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \left. \frac{\rho^3}{3} \sin \phi \right|_0^{10 \sin \phi} d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \frac{1000}{3} \sin^3 \phi \sin \phi \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

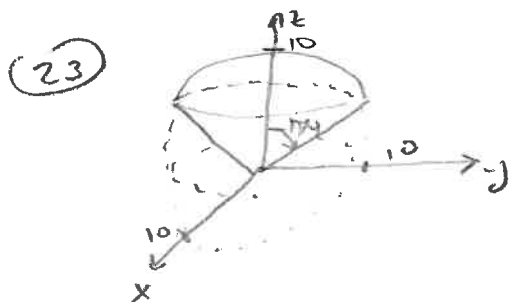
$$= \frac{1000}{3} \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi \sin^4 \phi \, d\phi \, d\theta = \frac{1000}{3} \int_0^\pi \frac{3\pi}{8} \, d\theta = \frac{1000\pi}{8} \theta \Big|_0^\pi = 125\pi^2$$

where  $\int_0^\pi \sin^4 \phi \, d\phi = \int_0^\pi (\sin^2 \phi)^2 \, d\phi = \int_0^\pi \left(\frac{1}{2} - \cos \frac{2\phi}{2}\right)^2 \, d\phi$

$$= \int_0^\pi \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{\cos 2\phi}{2} + \frac{\cos^2 2\phi}{4} \right) d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{\cos 2\phi}{2} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{\cos 4\phi}{8} \right) d\phi$$

$$= \left. \frac{3}{8}\phi - \frac{\sin 2\phi}{4} + \frac{\sin 4\phi}{32} \right|_0^\pi = \frac{3}{8}\pi.$$



$$0 \leq \rho \leq 10$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^{10} \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$