

6.4 work

$$W = F \cdot d$$

work = force  $\cdot$  distance  
(displacement)

Units

US foot-pound

SI Newton-meters = Joule

example: crane lifts 3000lb car 50ft

$$W = (3000 \text{ lb})(50 \text{ ft}) = \boxed{150,000 \text{ ft-lb}}$$


variable force  $W \approx \sum f(x_i) \Delta x$

take limit  $W = \int_a^b f(x) dx$

ex: Gravity  $F = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$  work to escape Earth.

$$W = \int_{r_0}^{\infty} -\frac{GMm}{r^2} dr = -GMm \int_{r_0}^{\infty} r^{-2} dr$$
$$= \left. \frac{+GMm}{r} \right|_{r_0}^{\infty} = 0 + \frac{GMm}{r_0}$$

finite!

Hooke's law  (springs)

force to stretch spring  $x$  units from natural length

$$F = kx \quad k - \text{spring constant}$$

ex: spring - natur. length 2 ft  
- 18 lb stretches to 3.2 ft

work to stretch from 2 ft to 4 ft?

$$F = kx \quad x = 3.2 - 2 = 1.2$$

$$18 = k \cdot 1.2 \quad W = \int_0^2 15x \, dx$$
$$k = 15$$

$$= \left. \frac{15x^2}{2} \right|_0^2 = \frac{15(2)^2}{2} - 0 = \boxed{30 \text{ ft-lbs}}$$

6.4 (Con.)

ex. work 48 J to stretch from n.l. 8m to 12m. work to stretch from 12 to 15 m?

$$W = \int_0^4 kx \, dx = \frac{1}{2} kx^2 \Big|_0^4 = 8k$$

$$48 = 8k \rightarrow k = 6$$

$$W = \int_4^7 6x \, dx = 3x^2 \Big|_4^7 = 3(49 - 16) = \boxed{99 \text{ J}}$$

6.4

ex: An elevator cable has density  $4.5 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}}$ , length 180 ft. How much work to lift all to same height?



$$\Delta W = 4.5(180-x)\Delta x$$

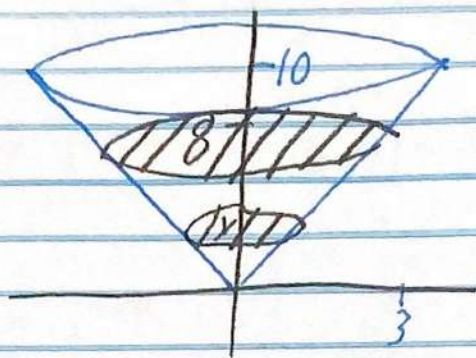
$$W = \int_0^{180} 4.5(180-x) dx$$

$$= 4.5 \int_0^{180} (180-x) dx$$

$$= 4.5 \left( 180x - \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^{180}$$

$$= \frac{4}{2} \frac{1}{2} 180^2 = 9 \cdot 90^2 = \boxed{72900 \text{ ft}\cdot\text{lb}\cdot\text{s}}$$

ex. A conical tank filled within 2ft of top with oil weighing  $57 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ .  
How much work to pump to top?



$$\Delta V = \pi r^2 \Delta y$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{y}{2}\right)^2 \Delta y$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} y^2 \Delta y$$

$$\frac{r}{y} = \frac{5}{10} \quad r = \frac{y}{2}$$

$$\Delta F = 57 \cdot \Delta V = \frac{57\pi}{4} y^2 \Delta y \text{ - lb}$$

$$\Delta W = \Delta F \cdot (10 - y) \text{ - ft lbs}$$

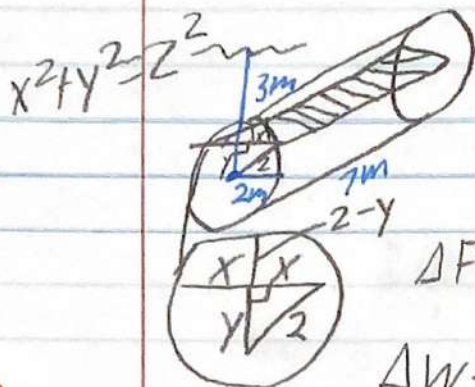
$$W = \int_0^8 \frac{57\pi}{4} y^2 (10 - y) dy$$

$$\frac{57\pi}{4} \int_0^8 (10y^2 - y^3) dy$$

$$\frac{57\pi}{4} \left[ \frac{10y^3}{3} - \frac{y^4}{4} \right] \Big|_0^8 \approx \boxed{30,561 \text{ ft lbs}}$$

6.4

ex: A tank is a cylinder on its side full of gas ( $\rho = 673 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) 3m underground. work to pump to surface?



$$\Delta V = 7(2x) \Delta y$$

$$= 14\sqrt{4-y^2} \Delta y \text{ m}^3 \quad F = mg$$

$$\Delta F = 673 \Delta V \cdot 9.8 \quad N = \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\Delta W = \Delta F(5-y) \quad \text{Nm}$$

$$W = \int_{-2}^2 673 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 14(5-y)\sqrt{4-y^2} dy$$

$$\approx \boxed{2,900,808 \text{ J}}$$