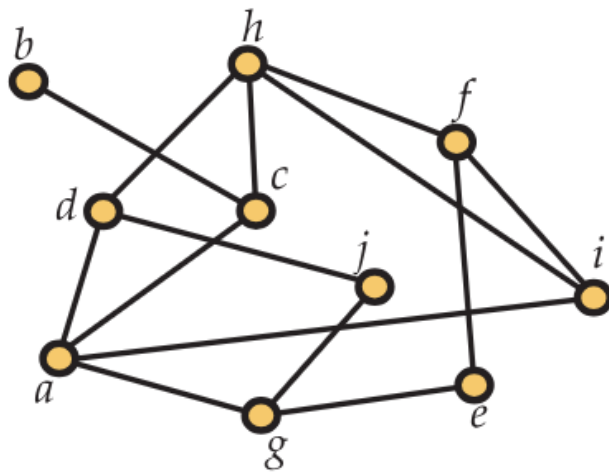


1. Consider the following graph  $G=(V,E)$  with  $|V|=10$  and  $|E|=12$ .



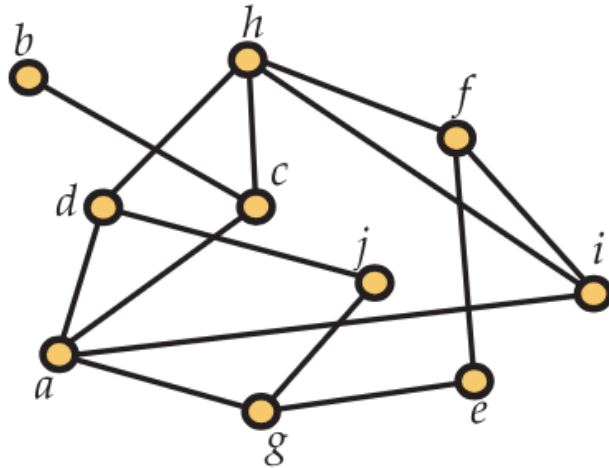
Which of the following is **not** an **induced** subgraph?

(3 points)

- A.  $\{\{a,d\},\{d,j\},\{g,j\},\{a,g\}\}$
- B.  $\{\{a,d\},\{d,j\},\{g,j\},\{a,g\},\{g,e\}\}$
- C.  $\{\{a,d\},\{d,j\},\{g,j\},\{a,g\},\{g,e\},\{e,f\}\}$

✓ D. None, all are induced subgraphs.

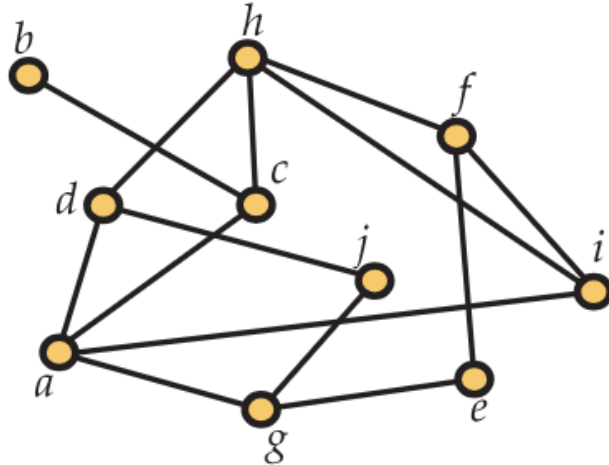
2. Consider the following graph  $G=(V,E)$  with  $|V|=10$  and  $|E|=12$ .



If you removed vertex ***b*** (and its incident edges) from  $G$ , how many **spanning** subgraphs of the original graph  $G$  could you produce?  
(3 points)

- ✓ A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 10

3. Consider the following graph  $G=(V,E)$  with  $|V|=10$  and  $|E|=12$ .



Suppose the subgraph  $G'$  is obtained from  $G$  by removing vertices ***h*** and ***e*** (and all their incident edges). What is  $K(G')$ ?

(3 points)

- ✓ A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 8